CORRECTION

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Following the publication of the original article [1], the authors identified an error in Fig. 3 where the images of Fig. 3e and 3f inadvertently overlapped and were not

properly replaced as intended in the published version of our manuscript.

The correct figure is presented below:

The original article can be found online at https://doi.org/10.1186/s1 3046-025-03309-7.

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Α MDA-MB-231 Hs578T MDA-MB-231 Hs578T ELK3 CYFIP2 FI K3 CYFIP2 ELK3KD ELK3KD Control 1 5 1 5 Cont Cont ELK3KD + siNS siNS siCYFIP2 siNS siCYFIP2 plo-ELK3 ELK3KD siCYFIP2 CYFIP2 0.5 β-Actin MDA-MB-231 Hs578T В ELK3KD ELK3KD ELK3KD ELK3KD Control Control + siCYFIP2 + siNS + siCYFIP2 + siNS Zoom-in Zoom-in accumulation accumulation Actin Actin DAPI Phalloidin **DAPI** Phalloidin L H С D MDA-MB-231 Hs578T MDA-MB-231 Hs578T 50 50 12 10 cell Mean of filopodia length (µm) Numbers of filopodium per c^r 40 40 ELK3KD ELK3KD +siNS +siCYFIP2 Cont ELK3KD ELK3KD +siNS +siCYFIP2 Cont ELK3KD ELK3KD +siNS +siCYFIP2 ELK3KD ELK3KD +siNS +siCYFIP2 Cont Cont Е F **Cell migration** MDA-MB-231 Cell adhesion MDA-MB-231 MDA-MB-231 Hs578T MDA-MB-231 Hs578T Fold plo 1.0 Control Control cells Sells 0.5 0.5 0.0 0.0 Cont ELK3KD ELK3KD +siNS +siCYFIP2 Cont ELK3KD ELK3KD +siNS +siCYFIP2 ELK3KD +siNS **ELK3KD** Hs578T +siNS Hs578T 1.0 1.0 Pio-+siCYFIP2 ELK3KD +siCYFIP2 **ELK3KD** 0.5 0.5 Cont ELK3KD ELK3KD +siNS +siCYFIP2 ELK3KD ELK3KD

Fig. 3 ELK3-CYFIP2 axis regulates metastatic nature of TNBCs by modulating flopodia protrusion. **A** Immunoblot analysis confrms the activity of siRNA targeting CYFIP2 (siCYFIP2) in ELK3KD MDA-MB-231 and Hs578T cells. ELK3KD TNBC cells transfected with a non-specifc siRNA (siNS) or siCYFIP2. Relative band intensity of ELK3 and CYFIP2. Data are presented as the mean \pm SD. **B** Filopodia formation was observed after staining with DAPI and phalloidin. Actin accumulation of flopodia formation was visualized using fuorescence microscopy; representative protrusions are indicated by red arrows. Scale bar, 20 µm. **C** The number of flopodia per cell were quantifed, and is presented as individual dots. (MDA-MB-231 cells, n = 30, 30, and 26, respectively, Hs578T cells, n = 14, 30, and 30, respectively.) **D** The length of flopodia are presented in a graph. (MDA-MB-231 cells, n = 30, 30, and 26, respectively, Hs578T cells, n = 16, 30, and 30, respectively.) Data are presented as the SEM. **E–F** Representative images showing migration and adhesion of the indicated cells. Scale bar, 200 µm. All data were derived from at least three independent biological experiments. Data are presented as the mean \pm SD. (Control (Cont) = sh control of MDA-MB-231 or Hs578T cells; ELK3KD = ELK3KD of MDA-MB-231 or Hs578T cells. NS indicates no statistical signifcance. *P < 0.05; **P < 0.01; ***P < 0.001; ***P < 0.0001

Incorrect Fig. 3

Α MDA-MB-231 Hs578T MDA-MB-231 Hs578T ELK3 CYFIP2 ELK3 CYFIP2 ELK3KD ELK3KD Control Cont Cont ELK3KD siNS siCYFIP2 siNS siCYFIP2 + siNS -plo ELK3 1 (ELK3KD siCYFIP2 CYFIP2 β-Actin MDA-MB-231 Hs578T В ELK3KD ELK3KD ELK3KD ELK3KD Control Control + siNS + siCYFIP2 + siNS + siCYFIP2 Zoom-in Zoom-in accumulation accumulation Actin Actin DAPI Phalloidin н DAPI Phalloidin С D MDA-MB-231 MDA-MB-231 Hs578T Hs578T Numbers of filopodium per cell 50 50 12 10 Mean of filopodia length (μm) 40 ELK3KD ELK3KD +siNS +siCYFIP2 Cont ELK3KD ELK3KD +siNS +siCYFIP2 Cont ELK3KD ELK3KD +siNS +siCYFIP2 ELK3KD ELK3KD +siNS +siCYFIP2 Cont Cont Ε F Cell migration MDA-MB-231 Cell adhesion MDA-MB-231 MDA-MB-231 Hs578T MDA-MB-231 Hs578T Fold 1.0 Fold Control Control sells 0.5 0 0.0 Cont ELK3KD ELK3KD +siNS +siCYFIP2 Cont ELK3KD ELK3KD +siNS +siCYFIP2 ELK3KD +siNS **ELK3KD** Hs578T +siNS Hs578T 1.0 1.0 Plo-Fold ELK3KD +siCYFIP2 -siCYFIP2 **ELK3KD** cells 0.5 0.5 Cont ELK3KD ELK3KD +siNS +siCYFIP2 Cont ELK3KD ELK3KD

Fig. 3 ELK3-CYFIP2 axis regulates metastatic nature of TNBCs by modulating flopodia protrusion. **A** Immunoblot analysis confrms the activity of siRNA targeting CYFIP2 (siCYFIP2) in ELK3KD MDA-MB-231 and Hs578T cells. ELK3KD TNBC cells transfected with a non-specifc siRNA (siNS) or siCYFIP2. Relative band intensity of ELK3 and CYFIP2. Data are presented as the mean \pm SD. **B** Filopodia formation was observed after staining with DAPI and phalloidin. Actin accumulation of flopodia formation was visualized using fuorescence microscopy; representative protrusions are indicated by red arrows. Scale bar, 20 µm. **C** The number of flopodia per cell were quantifed, and is presented as individual dots. (MDA-MB-231 cells, n = 30, 30, and 26, respectively, Hs578T cells, n = 14, 30, and 30, respectively.) **D** The length of flopodia are presented in a graph. (MDA-MB-231 cells, n = 30, 30, and 26, respectively, Hs578T cells, n = 16, 30, and 30, respectively.) Data are presented as the SEM. **E–F** Representative images showing migration and adhesion of the indicated cells. Scale bar, 200 µm. All data were derived from at least three independent biological experiments. Data are presented as the mean \pm SD. (Control (Cont) = sh control of MDA-MB-231 or Hs578T cells; ELK3KD = ELK3KD of MDA-MB-231 or Hs578T cells. NS indicates no statistical signifcance. *P < 0.05; **P < 0.01; ***P < 0.001; ***P < 0.0001

Correct Fig. 3

The correction does not compromise the validity of the conclusions and the overall content of the article. The original article [1] has been updated.

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References

1. Choi SH, Jang HJ, Park JD, et al. ELK3-CYFIP2 axis-mediated actin remodeling modulates metastasis and natural killer cell responses in triple-negative breast cancer. J Exp Clin Cancer Res. 2025;44:48. https://doi.org/10.1186/s130 46-025-03309-7.

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